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KINGSTON ONTARIO CANADA





CITT

AND

BUMPKIN.

THE SECOND PART.

BOV OR, OR

A Learned Discourse upon

SWEARING

And

LYING

And other Laudable Qualities tending

T.O A

Thosow Reformation:

The Second Edition.

LONDON,

Printed for Henry Brome at the Gun in S. Paulse Church-yard, 1680.

One Grisfith wrote a smart Paper of Verses upon Dr. Wild, wherein he called him the Presbyterians Jack-Pudding, This was an Allusion proper enough; for why should not Mountebanks in Religion have their Jack-Puddings as well as Mountebanks in Physick? But however, the Dr. took mee to be the Authour of the Coppy, and in Revenge, (the News-book being at that time in my hand) was pleased to Christen me the Crackfart of the Nation! (As it may be many an honest mans Fortune to have a Wag to his God-sather. This Secret I have told the Reader in Considence; and I hope it shall go no surther: and upon that assurance I le proceed.

['Tis no new thing (fays the Letter-man') for Pimping to raise a Villain to preferment; and that has been of late your daily bread: For what is all your Impudent Scribling, but the Act of Procuring, for Popery and Tyranny.] So that writing for the King, and the Church it seems; is writing for Popery and Tyranny.

And again, Dr. Oates is as much above your Malicieux Raillery, as you are below Common Honesty; and even CARE, I am Confident can bestow time better, then in minding the Yelps of such a Cerberus, such a Prostituted Rascall, a Sycophant to Cromwell; be-

trayer Then of Cavaliers:]

Now if it be Malicious Raillery, to magnify Dr. Oates's fervices; to emprove his Discoveries; to Illustrate his Evidence; to recommend his Writings; to elevate his Abilities; to set forth his Hazzards (on Both Sides) as well from the Fanatiques, as the sesuits; to maintain him for a Canonicall Afferter of the Church of England, against all Gainsayers; to Enumerate the Good Offices he has render'd to the poor Protestants, and to pray that he may be rewarded according to his Deserts, for all the good he has adone us: If this, I say, be Malicious Raillery, then am Indiana.

guilty of it: But if all This be Good, where's the Malice? Or if it be True, where's the Raillery? And this is not all neither the purging of my Self: But who soever calls this Deference and Justice to the Doctor, by the Name of Raillery, does manifestly imply the Ground of it to be False; to the wounding of the Drs. Testimony, and to the blasting of him in the Reputation of his Literature, Probi-

ty-and Manners. There's the same hand again in Tom and Dick; (for The publish his Pamphlet for him.) pag. 28. L'Estrange (he fays) has Serenaded Dr. Oates of late most notably 3 and carefs'd him, just as foab did Abner. In which Cafe I shall Appeal to Authority for Justice upon the Defamer of the Kings Evidence, and a Loyall Subject both in One. In the same Page he makes a Proffer at an Argument. He that is not against us (he says) is with us : But L'E-Atrange never wrote against Papists, and therefore he's a Papist: by which Rule, if the Authour never-wrote against Lame Giles in Holburn, or a Little Lowsy Monky in the Old Bayly, then the Authour is a Lame Giles in Holburn, or a Little Low Sy Monky in the Old-Bayly. The man Sweats ye fee, on the behalf of the Dr, but when he comes to his friend C AR E he's stark mad, (the Lord bless us) and falls into Fits; Cerberus, Rascal, Sycophant, Traytor; (for there's a wonderful Sympathy, sou must: know, betwist the Author and this same Care.) But these are the Ornaments, and Idioms of his Profession; I must not

Tet again, [Really Roger, Thy Fiddle is as Daminably out of Tune, and Thy Credit as much out at a Elbows, as when thou didle profitute Body and Soul's to Noll's High Nose; and thou wilt look shortly worse by half then Harrie in the Pillory, &c. And yet once were, Prethee get s— (that Quintessence of Knavery) or any of the St. Omer-Rogues, thy Common

call them Lies, but Presby terianisms.

Compa-

Companions; I see thee, and some Irish Cutchrotes e-

very Night with thee, at Man's, &c.

Here's Another Flower of his Rhetorique, and the Blaspheming of a Protestant Martyr, over and above; with two or three Presbyterianisms more, into the Bargain.

Here's Wit at Will ye see, in the Dialect, directly of a Western Barge: But the Man's in a Course of Physick, and there's no more Contending with him, then with the Governor of a Night-Cart, that carries his Arguments in his Tubs. It is said to be the Work of one Harry Langly-Samuel: But whoever it is, by my Troth, I do e'en pitty the Wretch, for he's set On, and only Barks for a Crust. But upon the whole matter there went more Heads then One, I'le assure ye, to this Learned Piece; and (as Lacies Wench (in Monsieur Ragou) said of her Bastard, 'tis the Troops Child: And a very Unmannerly Brat it is;

I'le be judg'd by the Thrid Merchant else.

Now to conclude in a grave Word or two, this way of Fooling is neither my Talent, nor my Inclination; but I have great Authorities yet, for the taking up of This Humour, in regard not only of the Subject but of the Age we Live in, which runs so much upon the Droll, that hardly any thing else will down with it. Give me leave to say further, that in this Dress of Levity, I have not only avoided the Scurrility of a Buffon, and the Hyperbole of an Extravagant, and Unnatural Satyr; but I have endeavour'd to paint Truth it self to the Life, without any Prepossessions of Malevolence against either Parties, or Persons. The King and the Church have been already destroy'd (even within Our Memories) under the Disguises of Loyalty, and Holiness. And these Dialogues are only presented to the Publick, as a kinde of Historical Map of our Late Miseries; that by laying Open the Rocks, and Sands that we perisht upon before, the People may be Caution'd against the Danger, and Designe of a Second Miscarriage. Citt,

CITT and BUMPKIN.

The Second Part.

Et's ee'n jogg on to Hampfread then; and talk it: out, where we may Look about us. Bum. Trueman's a meddling-Coxcomb, and there's an end on't. An Eves-dropping-Cur, to bolt.

in upon us out of a Closet so.

Citt. 'Tis as I told ye, Bumpkin, and ye may lay it down for Swearing and a Maxim; that SWEARING and LYING Governs the World. Lying Go-

Bum. Why what do ye think of Canting, Cousening, Plotting, vensthe Poyfoning, Supplanting, Suborning.

Citt. 'Tis all from the Same Root, and the Conning of This

Lesson makes ye Master of your Trade. Bum. Of what Trade, as thou lov'st me?

Citt. The Trade of Mankind, Bumpkin; the Trade of Knavery: The Trade of turning Dirt into Gold: The Trade of Advancing Rascalls, and Overturning Governments; the Trade of taking the Covenant with One hand, and Cutting a Throat with the Other; the Trade of the Temple-walks; The honest Affidavit-Trade.

Bum. But dost thouscall this an Honest Trade, Citt?

Citt. Yes, yes, Bumpkin, it is a very Honest Trade that a man's the Better for ; and he's a very Honest Man too that lives by his Calling. Why it brings Power, and Reputation along with it; nay and it brings Mony too, that brings Every thing.

Bum: Reputation fay ft thou? why they're two of the Damn'dest.

Qualities in Nature.

Citt: And yet these two Damn'd Qualities, as thou cal'st them? got the Better of the Late King; and afterward of the Commons; and after That, of the Protestor; and to be Plain with ye, Bumkin, itis all that we our felves have to trust to.

Bum. I cannot imagine what kind of Swearing and Lying it is

that ye speak of.

Cirr.

- Citt. Ido not speak of the way of the Bulleys; the Dam-meboys, or the Irish (ut-throats: I hate that Confounding, Danning, Swerfeldom, Sinking, Rotting humour of Swearing. I am for the Swearing Seldome, and to I urpose; that is to say, for the Engaging of a Parbut to l'urty; or for the making out of a Stabbing Evidence, or fo. pose.

Bum. Oh ho, I understand ye now: and the Scrupling of a Small

Oath gives a man Credit in a Great One.

Cit. There's a great difference, betwixt Swearing in a Rei earing, and ligious-way, and in a Profane; though the Substance of the Thing Sworn come all to the same Passe: for there's Heaven, and Hell in the case, on both sides. As in the Instance now of the Late Protestations, Vows, Oaths, and Covenants, that were Sworn in the Presence of the Allmighty and Everliving God; and as the Lords and Commons should Answer for't at the Last day: In assertion of their Zeal, and Affection for His Majesties Honour, and Authority, and the Establishment of our Religion, Laws, and Liberties. What a Dignity, what a Majesty is here in the very Stile, and Number! Though in the Conclusion let me tell ye, the Project went quite to another Tune.

> Bum. Ay ay; the Damme of the Covenant in the Church strikes a man with such a Reverence methinks, over the Hectors Scanda-

lous Damme in a Tavern.

Citt. Most acutely observ'd: for the Scandall lies in the Condition of the Place, and in the Sound of the words, not in the

Meaning of them.

Religious

Profane.

Bum. I had Terrible Qualmes at first, Citt, about the Swal-Consciences: harden by de-lowing of Oaths, and other Puntillos of Scruple; but they are nothing To Frequent of Late, nor fo Troublesome as they were wont to be. grees.

Citt. That will All over Bumpkin in time. Where's the Good Fellow that did not Fuke upon his First Debauch! And a Bawd is never the lesse Reverend, because the Whimper'd perhaps some Five and Fifty Years agoe, for the Losse of her Maydenhead. Nay it was a good while, before our Hero's Themselves could bring their Oaths of Allegiance, and their Covenants to Conjobble together.

Bum. Why for that matter; All's but Use Citt; All's but Use.

Citt. Nothing in the World else: And when a man has got the Trick on't, if he has taken Twenty Oaths, hee'le fetch ye up any One of them again, that you'le call for, with as much ease, as the Water-drinker at Bartholomen-Fair does his Several Liquors Bum.

Bum. It is certain, that an Oath, or the calling of God to Wit- The Tre of nesse, is the most Solemn, and Universall Tye in Nature, and so an Oath.

Accompted, among People of all Nations, and Opinions.

Citt. And there's no doubt, but the Influence that it has upon mens minds, is the most Powerfull of all Impressions; and of the greatest effect, in the Manage of our most Important affairs. So that it is no wonder to see all matters of the Highest moment, as well Private, as Publique, as Well Warrantable, as Net. committed to this way of Cantion, and Test.

Bum. 'Tis very true, as in the Case of Testimony, Civil Duty,

and Canonical Obedience.

Citt. Now as the Wit of Man could never invent a more The Use and Competent Expedient, then These Oaths, well apply'd, for the danger of Maintainance of the Government, and the Support of Publick 74fice: So who loever would Diffolve this Frame, must finde a way to introduce OTHER OATHS in Opposition to These; and to turn the Edg of the Law, and of the Gospel, against it self, by drawing the most Popular Lawyers, and Divines into the Party. This is the Naked Truth of the business; and to deal plainly with ye, unless you give me your Solemn Oath, that you'l be True to me, and Firm to the Cause in hand, I must not move one Inch further.

Bum. Why then by all that was ever sworn by before, I will be Both. Citt. The League is now struck, and the fooner we Unmasque, the better; for it begets Freedom, and Confidence in each Other.

Bum. Here are two difficulties in the way, which I would fain have remov'd; the One is, how to get the People to take such an Oath of Opposition as is here Imagin'd; and the Other is how to Countenance, and falliate the keeping of That Oath, when they have Taken it.

Citt. It was the Masterpiece of our Late Reformers, to Con-Tie Project, trive such an Oath, as in the Sense, and Grammer of it carry'd and Mistery the face of a Provision for the Common benefit, and Security, both nant. of King and People, upon pretence that the Government Civil, and Ecclesiastical, and the Protestant Religion it self were all in danger. This plaulible imposture went down with the Common People, without much Examination; especially under the Colour of a Parliamentary Authority to back it: And it was so far from appearing at first Blush, to thwart the Regular Oaths of the Government, that it feem'd to the Multitude, rather to Second and

and Enforce them. But when they came to finde, that they had fworn to they knew not what, and that This Covenant, being Originally design'd for an Engine to Unbinge the Government, the Takers of it were ty'd up to the sense of the Imposers: They had but this Choice before un; either to comply with the Ends of the Caball that fet it a foot, or to deliver up their Lives, and Fortunes at Mercy.

Bum. So that the Letter of the Oath, was For the Government, and the Intent Against it. But what Arguments did they use for the

Supporting of it, after the Discovery of the Fraud?

Citt. Only the Common Arguments of Exorbitant Power: Fayls, Plunders, Confiscations, Axes, Gibbets, &c. for breach of Covenant.

Bum. Well, but there was a Train of Contradictory Oaths afterward, One upon the heel of another, thorough I know not how many Changes of State; what became of the Covenant in those Revolutions?

The Covenant had all Oaths in the Telly of it.

Cit. The Single Covenant had all those Oaths in the Belly of it; and as many more, as it is possible to find Cases within the the following Compasse of human Apprehension: For it imported an Absolute and Implicit Resignation to the Will and Pleasure, of whoever was Uppermost; so that the Submissions of those times were only look't upon as Passive, and Temporary Yieldings to the Present Power, still as One Interest justled out another.

Bum. And there were some too, it may be, that when they were once Fool'd out of the way, made it a matter of Conscience not to be ser

Right again.

Citt. Oh, there were a great many that thought themselves bound by the Latter Oath, and Discharg'd of the Former; Especially, when they had got the better end of the Staff, and All Power is from God, in Their Favour. But to be short, whatout of Fear Shame, Weakness, Obstinacy, and the like; they stuck to the Combination, and made themselves Masters of the Government.

Bum. You have here set forth in this famous Instance of the Covenant, how Easily and by what Means the Multitude may be inveigled into Engagements; and you have laid open the Consequences of such Leagues, and the Difficulty of Retriving them: But how shall we

apply This Modell now to our Purpose?

Citi. Why just as They apply'd the Holy League of France, to. Theirs: for the Common people have the very same Passions, the

fame

same Weakneffes, Now, that they had then: and if some of our Cock-brayn'd Zelots had not out-run the Constable, we might have

been half way to our fourneys end by this time.

Bum. Nay the truth of it is Citt; the Nation is nothing near so The Good hott upon the businesse now, as they were some Ten or Twelve months O'd Cause agoe: and they grow still cooler and cooler methinks, every day more cools of late. then other.

Citt. And what's the Reason of all This, now? we play our

Game too open, and the Plot's Discover'd.

Bum. Well well Citt, some body will smoak for this One day.

Citt. If we could have contented our felves with an Orderly Emprovement of the Popish Conspiracy, and gone thorough the work of Religion, before we meddled with Matter of State; we had done the Jobb, but the Republicans hurry'd us on so fast: (Ay and Great ones too) I should be loth (as thou fayst) to be in some of their Tackets for't.

Bum. Nay really I was sensible of it my self, that they did things hand over head; and ran on many times without either Fear or Wit. But however, I (hould be glad to be particularly Instructed how far they did Well or ill, What they should have done instead on't, where they did amiss; and what we our selves are to do, as the Case stands with Us at present.

Citt. This is a Contemplation well digested, and I'le speak

by and by tothy four Questions in course as they lye.

We have been hammering (thou knowest) at Popery, Ceremo- The Fana? nies, Subscriptions, Oaths, and Tests, Liberty of Conscience, and ticks gain'd now and then a snap at Arbitrary Power, ever since the King little ground came in, without gaining any ground upon the Government more till of late. then what we bought with our hard mony; that is to fay, fo many flowers of the Crown, for so many Taxes, and Supplies. (The Nation being divided upon these Points, and the Crown

Both Interests in One Common Cause, though with differing Ends. Bum. This you'l say, was a fair Foundation laid, as to the Total destruction of the Papists, but when That's done, Citt, where are we

and Church-Party standing in Opposition to the Other). At length broke out this accurfed Design upon the Life of our Sovereign, and our Establish'd Religion. Which Providence united

to be Next?

Citt. Why that will never be done man; while there's a Sur- No End of plice or a Blew Garter in the Three Kingdoms. For there's your Papills.

Church-

Church-Papist, your Pentioner-Papist, your Papist in Masquerade, your Concealed Papist, these are all of um forty times worse then your Known, Jesuited, and Barefac d Papist. And in One word, it is as easy a thing to give any man the mark of the Beast, that stands in Our way, as for a Horse-courser to make a Star in a Jades Forehead.

Bum. Without all doubt Citt, and whosoever does not Petition, Protest, Associate, Covenant, Act, and Believe as We do, is a

Rank Papist.

Flow to know a Papilt.

Cett. Nay, l'le go further with ye Bumkin; l'le tellige by a mans Evidence, his Furniture, his Trunk, his Brains, or his Estate, without ever examining his Faith, whether he be a Frotestant or a Papist. I have led ye a little out of your way, to shew ye this secret, and assure your self, whenever this Cloak fails ye, y'are lest. Naked. But now to the Question of menaging This Occasion.

How far the Faction Acted Frudently,

So far as the Court, the Courch, and the Bench went along with us, in the Opening, the Exposing, the Discountenancing, and passing Sentence upon this Hellish Plot, we could not do amiss. And then it was well follow'd, in getting the Popish Lords out of the House; In dividing the Order of Bishops, into Three Protestants, and the Rest, Papists; as it has been since, in feeding the Feoples Jealousies all over the Kingdom, with daily Intelligences of New Fires, New Flots, New Discoveries, to keep their Fears Waking, though in most Cases without any Ground whatsoever.

Bum. 'Twas a plainthing there, in some of the Penmen of the Narrative to bring the King into the Plot against himself, was't not?

Citt. Well, and was it not a notable Push, to charge it so home upon the Comcil, that they would clap Up no body for ?

Bum. And really, to give the Intelligences their due, they ha'n's spar'd telling his Majesty, the Judges, and the Bishops, their Own neither.

Citt. It has been well enough done too, to brand those for Publick Enemies, that would not go along with us; and for Popishly-Affected, that but so much as open their Mouths for Moderation; to ply his Majesty with Petitions, the City and Country, with Speeches, Remonstrances, and Appeals. The Starting the Case of the Succession was not amiss neither, nor the President of Queen Elizabeths Association.

Bun. But I have heard my Old Master speak of that Association, and Trick of State, with a special regard to the Queen of Scots, and

that.

that though Cambden makes the Queen fay that she had no knowledge of it before it was presented, he does not say so yet himself.

Citt. There have been several Deliberations also upon Entring into l'ublick Protestations of Joyning as One man against Popery, that have been very Favourable to our Purpose: And it was no Ill Contrivance, the Burning of the Fope, with that Solemnity in Fleet-street.

Buni. And what do ye think of the List of the Unanimous Club of Voters? (That about the Court Pensioners I mean;) That was a Notable device let me tell ye: for hardly any of them got into the House after. But still if all this has been so much to our Advantage, how comes: it that we lofe Ground, and that any, thing elfe should take place A-

gainst w.

Citt. We may e'en thank a Company of Hot-headed Fools in The overour own Party. For taking off the Masque too foon; and for Wri-fight of the ting and Printing fo unseasonably against the Civil Government Fanaricker whatever came uppermost: which they have done to that degree of Inconsiderate Rashness, that the Long Parliament had an Army in the Field, before they ventur'd half so far. They have already fet the Lords and Commons above the King, plac'd the Government in the People, nay, they have been Nibbling already at the Militia, the Power of Life and Death, and of Calling, and Disfolving Parliaments: They have Reviv'd the 19 Old Propositions; tearing his Majesties Servants, and Ministers out of the very Arms of their Master; and they have as good as told the King in plain terms before-hand, what he is to Trust to, I do not speak here of any of our Parliamentary Proceedings; but of the Licence of Private Libertines that write and talk at random.

Bum. Nay'tis but too True; Citt; For't has been cast in my Teeth Twenty times: Matters are come to a fine Passe, they cry; when the Kings Life is to be preserv'd by those that would take the Crown off on's head; and the Protestant Religion by the Pros fest Enemies of the Church of England. But now ye have told me wherein they did Well and Ill, let me hear in the Next place what

they (hould have done if You had been their Adviser.

Citt. They should have Perpetuated the Apprehensions of Popery by Good Husbandry and Manage; without running the whole Party down at a Heat, till there was hardly, a Papist left in a Country for a man to throw his Cap at.

Bum. Why That's the thing, man; They have destroy'd the Game

to that degree that we are e'en ready to Eat up one another.

Poachers have destroy'd the Game.

(itt. Ay, ay; So many Poachers, they have spoyl'd all: We should have kept a stock of Priests and Jesuits in Reserve, and playd'um off now and then, one after another at Leisure. This would have entertain'd the Multitude well enough; and kept the Humour in a Ferment, and Disposition for greater matters.

Bum. Very Right, Citt; We should have Hang'd to day as we may Hang to morrow; for an Execution is an Execution; if it be

but of One, as well as of Twenty.

Much Blood turns Rage into Pitty.

Citt. Yes, and we see besides, that much Blond, and Numerous Executions turn the Holy Rage of a People many times into a Foolish, and Degenerate Pitty: over and above, that at the Other Thrifty rate, we could never have wanted matter to work

Rash Enfor-· lize better Evidence.

Bum. There's hardly any thing, Citt; that has done us more mers scanda- Mischief, then the Accusing of This Lord, That Commoner: This Bishop, That Alderman; This Citizen, That Country-Gentleman; for Popishly-Affected; when the whole world knows 'um to be Church-of England-Protestants. One crys 'tis Spite to the Person, Another will have it to be Malice to the Government; a Third calls the Enformers a Company of Rogues, that Care not what they fay, and brings a Scandall upon better Evidence, Nay and who knows at last, but these pittyfull Fellows may be set on by the Papists, to disparage the Plot?

> Citt. Not unlikely Bumpkin; For there's nothing makes men more Secure, and Carelesse, in the Case of Reall Dangers, then the Frequent Trifling of them with False Alarms. But yet let me tell ye, as to the Other point; that it is not Simply the Charging of men, (according to your Instances) for Popishly-affected, but the Charging of them Unreasonably, that does Us the great Mischief. For our work will never go on without Popery; and rathen Want Papists, we must Create them. But This is not a

Project to be perfected at a Heat.

Bum. And we are not in Condition; Citt; to wait the doing of it

by Degrees. What becomes of us Now Then?

Citt. Oh, fet your heart at ease for That, Pumkin. we have Twenty Irons in the Fire; and if those fail, we'le have twenty Fires more, and Twenty times as many Irons again in every Fire. We should have gone on, fair and softly, in the very steps of our Predecessors: But if men will leave the plain Road, and be trying Experiments, upon their Own Heads, over Hedge More hafte and Ditch, to finde out a nearer way to their Journeys End; then speed. who can help it, if they break a Leg or an Arm by the way, and so fall short at last?

Bum. Why then 'tis but so much time lost, and going back into

the Road again.

Citt. Just as if when a man has shewed himself and Frighted up the Fowl, you should fend him back again to his Stalking-borse to make his Shoot. But as it is, however, we must make the best of a Bad Game, and take our measures as we see Occasion.

Bum. Ashow, take our Measures, I prethee?

Citt. As thus Bumkin. We must shape our Course, according Rules of Poto the Circumstances before us, with a respect to the Power, licy vary with and Interest of Parties, Change of Counsels, and to the State, the the matters Humour, and the Instruments of Government: So that what's Becheyare to nessial to day, may be Dangerous to morrow, and perhaps Prostable again the Next.

Bum. But how shall the Common People judge of these Nice-

ties?

Cit. Why they are not to Judge at all ye Fool; but to be menag'd, with Invisible Wires like Puppets; and not to know either the Why, or the What, of things, but to do as they are bid.

Bum. Ihave been expecting a good while that ye should say some-

thing concerning Swearing.

Citt. Why so I Have, and so I Will. But I'le first give ye the whole Scheme of the business in short. The Government can never be Undermin'd, but by a Confederacy; there can be no Confederacy without an Oath: Nor any thought of a Popular Oath, without a Colour of some Authority to Countenance it; Nor any Colourable Authority, but in a Well-Affected House of Commons; and that Qualification depends wholly upon a Right Choice of the Members, as that Choice again depends upon the good Inclination of those that Chuse them.

Bum. So that the Good-Will of the People is the Key of the

Work; and we have gain'd that point already.

Citt. We HAD gain'd it Bumkin, but they fall off most con-practises in foundedly. The next step, is a Well-principled House of Commons. Elections. (and the Rest follows in Course,) How this will prove I know not; but the Nation has been warn'd sufficiently against your Ectles.

Ecclesiaftical Officers, Prelatical Men, Courtiers, Pentioners, De-

bauchees, and the like.

Bum. Nay, we made the veriest Rogues of un, in the Countrys too: As Papists, Atheists, and the Devil and all. And yet, let me tell ye, the Court, and Country-Fatty carry'd it in many places in spite of the Hearts of us; but that's no fault of Ours, you'l say. Hold a little, Did not you tell me t'other day that we should bring our Petitions about again?

Citt. Yes, I did, but the Committee has taken up Other Refolutions fince; for it made such a Noise ye see, that people were taken Notice of, and undone by't. This phansy of Pro-

roguing, and Diffolving, has dasht all.

Bum. So that Petitioning is quite out of Doors then.

Citt. No, not so neither, Bumpkin; but we must look hereafter to the Timing and to the Matter of our Petitions. Our Cockbrain'd Linnen-Draper there made a Filthy stir; I would his Tongue had been in a Clest-stick.

Bum. Well; but there are Swinging Petitions afoot yet, for all

This.

Citt. Nay we may live to fee some of the Lords Spirituall and Temporall upon their Mary-bones yet, before we have done with 'um. But not a word of This, till we see how the Parliament's in Tune for't.

Bum. And That's but Reason, Citt; for fear We should be for

One thing, and They for Another.

The Wisdom of the Long 1 Parliament.

Citt. Wherefore 'twas wifely done of the Long Parliament, to have a Private Cabal of their Own: For so long as they drew the Petitions Themselves, the House, and the Petitioners would be fure to agree upon the Matter.

Buni. So much for the Timing, and the Matter of Petitions. But

when shall we come to the point of Swearing, Citt?

Citt. I'le lead ye to tin a Trice; First we Petition, for one thing after another, till we come at last to be Deny'd; The next advance is to Associate, and Then, to Swear.

Bum. Well! but This must be under the Banner of the Peoples Re-

presentative.

Citt. No doubt on't; and That's the Easiest thing in the World to compasse, if we can but, First, get a Right House of Commons; and then, Liberty for them to Sitt till all Grievances be Redrest: which was the very end of putting in a Clause for't, in the Late Petition?

Bum.

Bum. If we could bring it to That once, we should be just in the Old

Track again. But what kind of Oath must it be at last?

Citt. It must be an Oath made up of Ambiguities, and Holy The Compo-Words; not a half-penny matter for the Sense on't; for you must sition of a know, that tho' it looks like an Oath of Religion, on the One Oath. side, 'tis an Oath of Allegiance, on the Other; and a Disclaimer of the King's, in Submission to the Sovereignty of the Commons.

Bum. There's no great Question to be made of the Effect of such an Oath, and such a Conjuncture, as is here suppos'd; but how shall

we come at it I pre'thee?

Citt. Time, and Patience Overcome all things, Bumpkin. We have Friends, Brains, Mony, and the grace of making the best of our Opportunities. One man is wrought upon by Ambition; Another by Avarice; a Third by Revenge; and we have our ways of Accesse to all Humours, and Fersons. How many Favorites do we read of, that for fear of Impeachments, have Sacrific'd their Masters, to save their own skins. For Princes themselves are not without their Tractable, and Easy Seasons, of being Prevail'd upon.

Bum. From what you have here deliver'd, I draw This Generall Change of ac-Conclusion; that Change of Accidents must of Necessity produce cidents pro-Change of Methods, and Resolutions: (Provided allways, that duce change of Resolutions there be still maintain'd a Tendency, tho' by Severall ways, to the ons. Same End) and that, in all Cases, the Oath is the Sanction of the

Confederacy.

Citt. You have it Right thus farr, Bumpkin; and you fee what Power an Oath has as well upon the Bodies, as the Minds of men; even to the blowing up of the Soundest Foundations, and to the drawing Order afterward out of That Confusion. You see, in short, the Effects of it in a Politicall way; and the Ordinary Means of gaining it. You would not think now, what an Advantage He has above Other People, in the Common Affairs and Bus'nesse of the world, (even betwixt Man and Man) that has been train'd up in This School of Popular Confederacies, and Contracts.

Bum. Nay, Practice, and Experience are Mighty Helps, be-Natural Fayond all peradventure: But yet I have feen some People go a great way culties in in Swearing, by the meer frength of Nature.

(itt. Yes, yes; for a Down-right Dunstable, Thorough-pac'd way of Swearing; a Ready Tongue, with a good Memory; and a Competent

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Competent stock of Affurance will do very Pretty things.

Buni. Why I had a Friend to ther day that was at a Losse for a Release; he made no more adoe, but away into Alsatia, where he told his Story in the Hearing of two Competent Witnesses; and whip Sir Jethro they had him in a Twinkling, and so brought him off with Honour.

Cut. This Old Fashien'd way did well enough in Straffords days and Laud's: But we are now Infinitely Refin'd. And yet I cannot but allow that a Happy Genius may do a great deal that way; but when you come to Casuisticall Points that require Reading, Conference, and Invention; what will become of your Thorough-pac'd Alsatia-man, do ye think, with his Naturall Talent?

Why thou art in the Altitudes, Citt; a Casuistical Oath say st?

What is the knack of That Same Casuistical! Oath, I pre' thee?

A Casuistical Oath.

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Citt. A Casusticall Oath, Bumpkin; is an Oath with a Nicety in it: which Nicety may be solv'd Two ways; either by bringing the Oath to the Conscience, or the Conscience to the Oath. As for Example; The Covenant was a Casusticall Oath, wherein the Words were First brought to the Conscience, and then the Conscience to the Intent.

Cales of Considerate

Bum. Let me put some Cases to ye, suppose a Man sworn out of his Right by One False Oath: Whether or no may a Body swear him

into't again by Another?

Citt. Without dispute you may: (See the Holy Common-Wealth) For it becomes an Oath of Providence, when it is apply'd to the maintenance, and support of Truth, and Justice. And this holds too in swearing against the Enemies of the Gospel; when the Excellency of the End a tones for the Iniquity of the Means. Or at worst, 'tis but venturing to become a Cast-away (after a Scripture Example) for a General Good.

The Saints.

Shew a Text for all they

Bum. Ay, that's a fure way Citt, for a man to shew a Text for all he does. As how should the Saints have warranted their Violence against the Late King, and his Loyal Nobility; if it had not been for that Text in their favour, they shall binde their Kings in Chains and their Nobles in Links of Iron.

Citr. Or let us imagine that a man has a Wife and Children, and not a bit of bread to put into their Heads: what do you

think of a False Oath in such a Case, for a Livelyhood?

Bum. Nothing Plainer, for he's worse then an Infidel that does not provide for his Family.

Citt.

What he thinks, and it proves False: Another swears what he does Not think, and it proves True. As thus, I see a Person walking in his Formalities, and swear, there goes such a Doctor; and it proves to be a Baboon; I see somebody in the Chair, and take him for a man of Quality, and he proves to be a Knight of the Post.

Bum. This is only swearing to the best of a mans knowledge.

Citt. But what if I should swear that Gentleman in the Gown, to be a Baboon, and the other resemblance of a man of Quality, to be a Knight of the Post: And yet, without my believing either the One-or the Other, they prove to be such, How goes That point.

Bum. Such an Averment (I conceive) is to be taken rather for

an Inspiration, then an Oath.

Citt. Now there's Another way of swearing too: And that is, Swearing with with a Salvo, or Reserve; which the Doctors of the Separation a Salvo. have in great Fersection (the Jesuits call it a Mental Reservation) as the King's FUST Priviledges:—According to the BEST-REFORMED Churches:—As far as LAW-FULLY I may—and the like.

Bum. What do ye think of Him that parting from a good Fellow Vulgar shifts. with a Pot at's Head, made Affidavit in Court (to excuse his Non-appearing) that he left him in such a Condition that he be-

liev'd he could not live a Quarter of an hour in't?

Citt. Ay, ay, and the guiding of a Dead mans hand to the figning of a Deed, and then swearing to the Hand, these are Vulgar shifts.

Bum. But pray'e what's the meaning of that Text that fays, swear

not at all? For we must live up to our Rule.

Citt. If we had not Other Texts to Justify swearing, we must Against swear have understood it according to the Letter. This is only meant ing without of Profane, Customary, Vain, and Inconsiderate Swearing, without Profit. either Provocation, or Profit. And it is better certainly, for a man to make his Fortune by One Pertinent Oath, securing his Future State, by a matter of twenty pound a year, to a Lesture, when he dyes; then to go to the Devil, out at the Elbows, for

a Million of Idle ones.

Bum. But what did ye mean, e'en now by Conference, and Invention about swearing?

G = 2

Oi Confevention in fivearing.

Citt. Conference is nothing in the World but putting of your sence and In- Fiddles in Tune: And Invention helps every man in the Gracing of his Part, But then there's the Invention WHAT, and the Invention HOW; the Invention of the Matter, and the Invention of the Manner? 'Tis enough, as to the Matter, that it be fitted to the stress of the Question: But the Regulating of the Manner requires great Skill, Care, and Judgement. There's nothing that more recommends an Evidence, either to the Bench, or Jury, then Modesty of Behaviour, (even to the degree. of Bashfulness) Mildness of Speech; a seeming Scruple of being Positive, where the point is nothing to the Purpose: But a Difcovery of Passion, Fiercenesse, and Prepossession in a Cause, spoils all, and makes the Testimony look like Malice, or Revenge.

Bum. I'minstructed thus far. But where's the Advantage all this while, that an Old Covenanter has of a Novice, as you were saying

e'en now?

The advan. rage an old Covenanter has of a Novice.

Citt. Oh, they are Many, and Great. First, he has gotten the Command of his Conscience, and brought it to Stop, and Turn, at : pleasure. Secondly, He's true to his Marque, spring him what Game ye will, he Flys it Home. Thirdly, he has the Digestion of an Estrich; for after the Swallowing of the Crown, and the Mitre, there's nothing rifes in his Stomach. Fourthly, there's no fear of him, for snivlling, or Repenting, and telling of Tales : for he's above the Common Fooleries of Counfel, Argument, or Remorfe.

Bum. May, tis with our Consciences as with our Jades; a Phansy, or a Wind-mill, puts themout of their Wits, till they're us'd to't. And there's no fear of his Flinching neither, I le grant ye: For a Conscience that has stood firm under the Ruine of Three Kingdoms, will never Boggle sure in the Case of Single Persons. And yet I find many of our Old Stagers come about too. How shall T distinguish now which of them are Sound, and which Rotten at

Heart?

Citt. There were Some, ye must know, that swore either in Simplicity, or to fave a Stake: And Others, in Defign. Now those. that were Noos'd Before, may be hamper'd Again; and those that comply'd for Advantage, Then, will do so Still. And for the Designers, they may be known by the favour they shew to their Old Principles, and Friends; which is an Infallible sign of the Old Leaven in them still.

Bum

Bum. I'm of thy Opinion, Citt; and that they'le do us the Service

still, of Honourable spies in an Enemies Quarter.

Citt. But what do we talk of True, and False; which, in this True & salse Fallible world, is little more then Matter of Opinion? A True only matter Oath, Out-Sworn, passes for a False one; and a False Oath, not detected passes for a True one: So that the Scandall of the One, and the Reputation of the Other is a thing of Meer Chance. Nay, in the practice of the World, 'tis rather the Folly, then the Crime of the Falshood that marques a man for a Rascall: For why should Perjury be more Veniall in One Case, then 'tis in Another? Dam-me, Sirrah, (says a Huff to his Lacquay) if I don't beat your Brains out; and yet he does not so much as Touch him. A young Fellow says a thousand times more to his Mistresse, or to his Creditour, and makes not one word of it good. A Bully will do as much to an Unbelieving Taylor for a Suit of Clothes, tho' he never intends to pay him. And yet here's no Talk of Inditements, Pillories, or Loss of Lugs in the Case.

Bum. The Reason holds, I must Confess; tho the Instances do not persetly Agree: For the One is an Oath Originally False in the Matter of it; and the Other is an Oath, made False by a Subse-

quent breach of it.

Citt. Well, but all is For-swearing still. And why a Perjury in Choler, in Love; for a Paultry Sum of Mony, or a pair of pittyfull Trowzes, should passe only as words of Course, and yet so much Load he laid upon a stretch for the Relief of a Necessitous Family, the gaining of an Estate, the Preserving of Religion; and perhaps the Conversion of a Kingdome: This is a thing, I say, that I do not Comprehend.

Bum. This is the Law; the Law, Citt; the damn'd Law! that's

the ruine of us all. And what is this Law at last?

Citt. It is just throwing up of Cross or Pile in a Vote. We took Crosse, and it happen'd to be Pile; and so we lost it. In short, and in Earnest, we are guilty of Breach of Faith in the most Solemn duties of our Christian Profession.

Bum. Then hast spoken more for the Power, the Mystery, and the Benefits of Swearing, then the whole Assembly of Divines, the blessed Synod Themselves. I prethee try thy skill, now, upon the Faculty of LYING; which as it Naturally goes before the Other, so I think it should have preceded too in the Order of place.

Citt. So it does, and it should have so preceded; but that

swearing .

Swearing and Lying comes better off the Tongue, methinks,

then Lying and Swearing.

Bum. This Lying is but a Course word; the precise folk in the Country call it Fibbing; but That will not do fo Well neither: For Fibbing and Lying, differ just as Tripping, and Stumbling, or in some sense, as Jest and Earnest. So that I find it must be Lying at last:

The Laudable Faculty of LYING.

Lyes Tacit and Expresse.

Citt. To handle the point Methodically, Bumpkin, there are Lyes, Tacit, and Expresse. Tacit, as by Looks, Signs, Actions, Gestures, Inarticulate Tones: Expresse, as Words at Length; and those are Lyes either of Creation, Composition, Substraction, Amplification, or Addition: I might carry it farther to Lyes Ecclesiasticall, and Civill; but I'm loth to spin the Thrid too Fine.

Bum. These are High points, Citt; how shall a man tell a Lye I

pre'thee, without Opening his Mouth?

Citt. Why? did'it thou never hear of the Language of the Fingers? But the Question is here upon Hinting One thing, and Meaning Another; and Especially in Politiques, and Religion, in order to a Thorough Reformation.

A Thorough

Bum. I have heard a world of Talk of that same Thorough Re-Reformation. formation; all our Meetings ring on't; and there's such a deal of Clutter about the Babylonish Garment; the not leaving of a Hoof behind; Root and Branch, and the Like: But I could never reach the bottom on't yet.

A Partial and a Thorough

Citt. Take notice then that there is a Simple, or Partiall Reformation, and there is a Thorough Reformation; the First, in the Reformation. Language of the Reformers, is only Pruning of some Exorbitancies in Church and State; As the Regulating of the Kings Courts, paring the Nails of the Prerogative; the Lopping off here and there a Rotten Lord, or a Popish Bishop; the Removall of an Evill Councellor, the purging of a Difaffected House of Commons, or so: The Other leaves no King, no Lord, no Bishop, no House of Commons at all; and briefly, it fignifies the turning of a Monarchy into a Common-wealth, an Episcopacy into a Presbytery, and our Great

The End of this Reforma- Charter into our Will and Pleasure. In One word; it is Dismounting of our Superiors, and getting our selves into the Saddle. tion.

Bum.

Bum. Well, but This must be done by degrees.

Citt. Ay marry must it, Bumpkin; and many a good morrow too, before we come to the point. There must be Petition upon Petition; Remonstrances; Grievances; Popery; Tender Consciences; Eastings; Seeking of the Lord, Religion, Liberty, and Protestations, without End.

Bum. Yes, yes, ye told me somewhat of this before, but it lies in a little compass; We must Get what we can by Begging, and then Take

the Rest.

Citt. But now let me shew ye in General, how this is to be The Refordone. Whatsoever lessens the Government, and Exalts the Distances Two fenters in the Eyes of the People, we are to consider as a proper Medium toward a Thorough-Reformation; and this must be done by Hook or by Crook; but provided the thing be done, no matter how.

Bum. But however Citt, we hadbetter do't upon the Square, as far as the Matter will bear it, and make out the Rest by Fibbing.

Citt. That's a thing of Course Bumkin, to uncover the Naked-Their Act and ness of the Government, and rip up the Errours, and Distempers diligence.

of Church and State. Why we have a Committee for the Registring of Male-Administrations; we have our Spyes up and down from the Bed-Chamber to the Meal-tub: There's not a Tennis-Court, not a Bawdy-House, not an Eating, or Drinking-house about the Town that scapes us; not a Glass, not a Word, not a Frolick, in any Considerable Family but we have it upon Record; and we have those that will make it all good too upon Outh.

Bum. And this goes a great way, let me tell ye, Citt. for the People never consider that Rulers are Flesh and Blood, as well as Other men: and if any thing goes amiss, they think there's no setting it

Right again, without taking the whole Frame to Pieces.

Work; but then if Truth, and matter of Fast will not hold out, we must have Recourse to Invention. And now I come to my Text. You remember the two Topiques I gave ye, of lessening the Government, and Advancing our selves.

Bum. Tes, yes, but a Government may be Lessen'd several ways. Several ways Lessen'd in Authority, Lessen'd in Power, Lessen'd in Reputation of lessening on; that is to say, in the Esteem. and Affections of the People, ci-Authority.

ther by Hatred, or Contempt.

Citt. Very well, and so have we our several ways of making

OIL

our felves Popular: All which must be done by Emproving Opportunities before us, toward these two Ends.

The language of Nature above that of Compact.

A Lye without a word speaking.

Bum. But prethee tell me what Advantage can we make of Signs,

crhow shall a man tell a Fib, without aword speaking.

Citt. Why dost not thou know (Bumkin,) that the Language of Nature is infinitely more Powerfull, and Significant, then that of Compact? 'Tis Impossible to put the force of Looks, Grones, Actions, and Gestures into Words, Is it not a Lye to look as if we pray'd, and yet Curse in our Hearts; Or under Colour of a Charity, to put a shilling into the Bason, and take half a Crown out? Lord turn the Kings Heart: (fays the man above) which draws fo forrowful a Countenance after it, from one end of the Tabernacle to the Other, that you'd swear we were either falling into the 'leventh Persecution, or that the Pope were already on. this fide High-gate.

Bum. 'Tis a strange thing Citt, the Agreement that we finde in many things, betwixt Reasonable Creatures, and brute Animals, One Grone runs quite thorough the Meeting, just as One Note,

fets a whole pack of Beagles a yelling.

Citt. This way of Juggling, and Diffembling by Signs is certainly very Artificial, and of Incredible Effect; but a man may better understand, then express it : And Our People are the most

dextrous of all men living at that way of Address.

Of Fibbing in words at length.

Bum. But what say you now to the business of Lying, or Fibbing, in words at length? Pray'e take your Heads in Order, and read upon them: And let me see some Instances how to apply them to the purposes of drawing the Affections of the People from the Government, to our selves.

Citt. There is, First, a Lye or (let it be rather) a Figment of Creation, which Imports the raising of Something out of Nothing, and is a Figure not to be employ'd, but with Infinite Caution.

Bum. Prethee go on Citt, (for my Brain Clarifies strangely upon't) and make me understand where I may make use of it, and where

not.

A Lys or Figment of Cre etion.

Citt. It may be usefull, where the present Belief of a thing may be of greater Benefit, and Service, then the Future Discovery of it, can be a Detriment: As the Figment of the Late Kings being Confederate with the Irish Rebels; the Cavaliers cruelty at Branford, &c. Now though these Impostures had no Foundation at all, they ferv'd the present turn yet, for the moving of the the City, and the drawing of men together upon that Occasion; and when the Truth came afterwards to Light, the Forgery was only taken notice of as a Cheat, and that was all.

Bum. Ay, and I have hear'd of the Fobb'd Letters, and the Plague-plaisters, and the Tricks they had in those days, still as One Flot cool'd, for the Bolting of Another. These Devices stood 'um in great stead; and we have seen something on't of Late, in the Rumours of the Kings raising an Army to aw the City, and the Parliament; and the Forty Thousand French upon the Isle of Purbeck, These Stories let me assure ye Citt, keep the Humour stirring.

Citt. But what do ye think of the Invention of the Protestant Martyrs Domestique? Where he tells ye of one of his Royal Highnesses Servants at Edinburgh, that was worse then Malcus'd, for he hadboth his Ears cut off; and then of the throwing Stones at the

Windows of his Oratory?

Bum. Why Citt, was this a Lye (as thou calif it.) of Creation then?

Citt. Without the least Colour for't in the World. Now The Proteitis not the Filtion, but the Impredence of it, that Vexes me : stant Dome-For as to the Former, it is certain that the Duke was treated stiques Miboth in himself, and in his Train, with the Highest Instances of stake. Welcome and Respect imaginable: And then for the Other, the Scots were so far from discountenancing the Office of the Church, that a great many of the Nobility, and Persons of Quality have taken up the Use of it in their Own Families. Now for Him to impose this Fiction upon the world, without any pressing Necessity, and to no purpose at all, when he might be fire of a Contradiction by the next Post; This I say was a great flip of a wife man.

Bum. Come, come, Citt. The good man is not so much to be blam'd neither; for his Intention was to render the Duke Low in the Opinion of the People, and to discredit the Common-Prayer. Pray'e call to minde the account he gave of the famous Motion in the City, for the doubling of their Guards, and then fet the One

against the Other.

Citt. No, no, Bumpkin; This is not to reflect upon Him; but only to shew thee how to apply this Figure. There is another, and a more Profitable Fiction, in regard that it is hard to Intentions be detected, as being grounded upon Thought and Intention; as not liable to the Late Kings Designe of setting up Arbitrary Power and Pope-proof.

his purpose of coming into London one night with his Pas. pifts, and Cavaliers, to burn, kill, and ravish all before him. Now This was an Invention of great Force; For though in my Conscience his Majesty never intended it, yet the story past for current with the Multitude; only by the Vigilance of some active and zealous Patriots it was prevented. These Figments you may apply to the Head of Leffening the Credit of the Governi

Bum. And in some degree, I hope, of advancing our selves:

for such a deliverance works Both ways.

Citt. Oh, greatly, Bumpkin; For as the People were possest-One way against the King, for Designing upon their Liberties, Properties, and Religion; so were they as much perswaded on the Other hand, in favour of those that put themselves in the gap, to withstand That Oppression: whereas by the sequel it appear'd, that the Kings Designe was only to defend the Government, and the Others, to Invade it.

Bum. We have run much of late upon This Vein of Intention, and it has done notably well with us too; for we have shook the very

Foundations of the Government with it.

Citt. O, Bumpkin, thou dost not know the Charm of those The Force of Four Syllables, Intention; the Irrefistible power and virtue of the word Afthat little word, AFFECTED: Popishly-Affected, Tyrannically-Affected; This was it that blew up three Kingdoms but the Other day; Faux's Powder under the Farliament-House was nothing to't. We have no Windows into our Breasts, and there's. no proving or disproving of a Thought; only to those Goblins. Eears, and Jealousies, every thing they look upon appears Double, even to the discovery of things that have no Being.

Bum. Stay a little: May not a man suppose a Third Contrivance now, as Groundlesse as any of the rest? 'Tis but, laying it remote enough, and the thing's Forgotten before ever the Truth can come to

be Known.

fceed.

Citt. This is very well hinted, Bumpkin, and we have found it a very Commodious Expedient, even in This very Juncture. How many Bruits have been rais'd concerning Leagues, and Intelligences Abroad, Designes, and Intrigues at Home; that for a Moneth or Six weeks it may be, have set the People a madding from one end o'th Town to the Other; and at last not one syllable True, but all past over as if no such thing had

ever !

ever been. Take me aright, Bumpkin; I do not speak This as condemning the Prastice, but to set forth the Effect of this way

of Fibbing.

Bum. That's understood Citt; for 'tis not our part to Examine No matter by the Means, whether they be Good, or Bad; cut to pursue the End, what means so and bring That about, by any means whatever. But what do ye say we gain the now to the Lye of Composition, as you call it?

Citt. It is a Figment, Citt. that's made up of Truth, and Composition.

Falshood: but so enterwoven with Colours, and Disguises, that 'tis hard to say which is which.

Bum. As if ye should put Rats-bane into a mess of Porridge: 'tis

Porridge still, though it be Poyson.

Citt. Very well Alluded Bumkin, and the Truth, or the Porridg, is only (as the Doctors call it) the Vehicle to convey the Poyson. The Art, and Mistery of this Fib lies in gaining credit to the Fistion, by acknowledging those Notorious Truths that cannot be Conceal'd.

Bum. Ay ay man, for that's but telling what every body knows. As for the purpose. The Presbyterians took up Arms' tis true, but alas! They never meant any hurt to his Majesty: and yet they took his Royal Authority to themselves, and seiz'dhis Shipping, his Forts, and his Revenue.

Citt. Ay but for that Bumkin, they fay learnedly that the King was in the Two Houses, when Charles Stuart was in the

Head of an Army.

Bum. But they say again, that they never meant any hurt to his

Person neither; and yet they Revil'd him, and shot at him.

Citt. The Arch Bishop of St. Andrews was Kill'd, but then he was an Ill, Harsh Man, they say: 'twas done in Revenge, and no Act of the Ki k-Party: We were mightily divided about the Scotch Rising. At first, there was no more in't, then a Tumultuary Rabble that were got together to deliver themselves from an Illegal Oppression: And this past for current, till it was found to be a form d Rebellion, and that the Covenant was the Foundation of it.

Bum. The Doctrine's this. Not to Own any thing more then needs must, and to pulliate what's amiss the best we can. And so proceed I pray'e to the point of Substraction.

the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth, does not hold in Ly-straction.

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ing; fo that in this Case of Substraction, we tell the Truth, but not the whole Truth.

Bum. Our Common Intelligences are fingularly good at this Figure: for they tell ye just as much of the Story as serves their turn, and no more.

The artificial Improvement. of Substra-Sion .-

Citt. They do so. Oh they are very well instructed. As in the. Story of the Officer that broke a fellows head, as they were going to Brantford to chuse Parliament Men: He tells ye of the Headbroken, but not a word of the Provocation; as the difordering of his men in their March, and their bauling out, no Courtiers, no Pensioners, no Whitehallmen.

Bunt. That's a Plaguy way though Citt, and so for Satterthwait, about firing De la Noys House! He had the clearest proofs in the World of his Innocence; the Acquittal of the Court, and the Wench put to Death that accused him. But Honest Benjamin waves that Point, and tells ye only that ever fince the Maids Condemnation the continues firm, in what the first afferted, as to her being hir'd to Commit that horrid Fact.

Citt. These things are of Infinite use Bumkin, and if ye mark it, there passes not a week without scandalous Reslexions upon fome of the Guards, to make the people fick of 'um. And 'tis very good Policy this; for if they were out the way, our bufiness were done.

Parets the

Bum. These Papers are the true Fireballs, Forty-times beyond the

erus Firebells. Compositions of Powder, and Aquavitæ.

Citt. They are so Bumkin. There's no need of Poking them into Hay-Lofts with Long Poles; Untiling of Houses, Breaking of Windows, Creeping into Cellars, &c. Tis but one Tugg at the Press, here in London, and in Eight and Forty hours ye shall see the whole Kingdom in a Flame. And let me tell ye, this Fibb of Substraction does a great deal towards it:

Bum. And so it does in the Report these Pamphlets give ye upon all Tryalls, where a Popish Cur has the good luck to come off. Don't ye see how they whip the Bench, and the Jury about the Pig-Market ? Sir Thomas Gascoin was return'd Not Guilty: but it was by a Jury of his Countrymen. And so ye are told the Charge, with a very slender or no Account at all of the Defence.

Citt. Why this is by the Virtue of Substraction: it is a kind, of a Negative Lye, the Concealing any Substantial part of the Truth. They talk as if there were a Designe afoot for the Suppressing,

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of these Intelligences: and by my Soul, I believe it would be the

Undoing of the Cause.

Bum. Why they Govern the Land man, Do they not make and Pamphlers Dissolve what Alliances they please. Arraign : Judges ; Condemn governs the Innocents? Put out, and put In, what Privy Counsellors they think he? Place and Displace Secretaries of State? Publish the Privacies of the Cabinet? And in all Cases, tell the People what they are so trust to?

Citt. Right, and all this passes for Gospel in the Country? though the devil a word on't that's known at White-Hall. But then they have the Cruellest way of Nicking a man when they. have a minde to't. Such a one has got fuch or fuch a Place at Court, though so and so : and to'ther must be Committed Close Prisoner, though the Lords in the Tower may have People come

to them, and play at Wine-Fins.

Bum. Ay, And then let the Bravest things Imaginable be done by Kissing goes One man, either ye have the bare Abstract in General, of such a by tayour. thing done, or nothing at all: But if Another man does but let a Fart upon a Fit of the Belly-ake, there's a Thanksgiving presently all c-

ver England and Wales, proclaim'd for his Recovery.

Cit. These are Great helps Bumkin, that we can Raise and Depress whom we please. Beside that the Multitude from these Liberties draw this Conclusion, either they would Contradict these things, if they could; Or Hinder them if they Durft. We'el go now to the Figment. of Addition.

Bum. As Substraction is the Truth, but not the Whole Truth, To. Addition, I presume, is somewhat more then the Truth:

pray'e let me distinguish betwixt Composition, and Addition.

Citt. The Former, is the Blending and Confounding of the The Figure Truth, with Fictitious Matter : The other is the piecing out of of Addition. a Truth, with a Falshood, when the bare. Truth would not do. the Work. As thus, It is true, that the Army rays'd for some Attempt upon the Netherlands, in 1673 was drawn up on food in Black-Heath; But all the rest of the Story, for the Advance of the French Government, the Promoting of the Irish Religion, and the threatning of a Storm to fall upon Landon, is an Additional Figment. It is True, that there were Fireworks found in the Savoya but the Addition is false of being design d according to the Story,

Bum. What's the difference now betwixt Addition, and Ampliwhat is a all your Carolin-1 bor. and the mainer

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Amplification Gitt. Addition is a Supplement of new Fact: Amplification is only an Aggravation of the Matter in Question. Or in short, the setting a flourish or a gloss upon the business. And it holds as well in the making of our Adversaries Odious, as our selves Considerable.

Bum. I have many times observed that Gods Ju gments, and Bleffings have been still either Imputed to the Wickedness of the Episcopal Party or ascribed to the Sanctity of the Non-Conformists.

Citt. But if you will see a Master-piece. Reade the Freamble to the Relation of the Kings Army at Branford. And take this with you before hand, that there was no cruelty exercised at all, beyoud the common effects of Hot blood upon so Obstinate a dispute.

A wonderfull aggravation.

Unnatural, Inhumane, and Grange Cruelties, Send forth a Voice, and the Voice which they send forth is so loud, that it awakes even secure and sleepy Mankind, and stirs up their Bowels to an enst med and united Indignation. The divided pieces of a Woman abused to death needed not the Eloquence or Voice of an Orator; they pake themselves, and they spake so loud, that they were heard by a whole Nation, and drew forth this Answer, there was no such deed done. nor feen from the day that the Children of Israel came out of Ægypt. Neither did they fetch only an Answer of Words, but of Dieds: All the Men of Israel gather d together as One. Man; against the Authours and Abettors of that abominable wickedness.

It is a Lamentation, and to be taken up for a Lamentation, that in England such horrid Acts should be done, that yield forth this high crying & affrighting Voice-No such thing hath been done since England came out of the Ægypt of Rome, &c. Exact Collections, Pag. 758.

Better-22 Oaths and Fibbs then Arguments. Swearing and Lying the best

A:guments.

Bum. Why this Exclamation was as much as the whole Cause was worth. Ah, Citt, if we were no better at Oaths and Fibbs, then we are at Arguments, we should e'en bring our Hoggs to a fair Market.

Citt. Alack for thee Bumkin, thou dost not know an Argument when thou feeft it. Why this knack of Swearing and Lying is our way of Arguing; and whoever carries the Caufe, (let him carry it right or wrong) is the best Disputant. Prethee tell me; what would it thou think of any man that should go to convert the Chineses in Welch, or talk Hebrew to a Laplander? 'Tis the same thing man, to talk Reason to the Rabble. 'The little less then Popery ye Fool; 'tis speaking in an unknown Tongue; what were all your Cavalier-Doctors, and Statesmen the better for

for their Syllogismes, their Politiques, and their Cases of Conscience; when the very Noyse of TYR AN NY, and POPFRY beat um all out of the Field?

Bum. Nay, I must confesse, Citt; that Our Case is to be decided by the Multitude; and That way must needs succeed best, that is most accommodate to the Humour and Capacity of the Umpires of the Controversy. But yet I could wish that thou had st born up a little t'other day, to Trueman, upon the Points of Religion and Government.

Citt. Why you must know, Bumpken, that there are Two ways of of Reply upon Disputes of That Quality; the One is by Reason, Reply, Rea on (which sounds the same thing with the Apostles Vain Thilosophy) and Clamour.

and the Other is by Clamour: The Former is for your Speculators, or Perlants; and the Other is for men of Zeal, and Bus'neffe. But there's One has mawl'd him fince, to some purpose i'faith, I believe hee'l have little Joy of his Disputations.

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Bum. Oh, I have heard of two or three that have had a Fling at Little Pugg's a him. There's One of 'um they say that's a Devilish Witty Little Fel-witty sellow. low, but I cann't for my Blood call his Name to mind; but I think

'twas Pugg; or the reabouts.

Citt. By my Troth like enough; for one was telling me to'ther day, that the Drill in Bartlemew-Fair, with a Leaguer-lipe in's mouth, was the very Pilture of him. But didst not thou see Romes

Hunting-match?

Dum. Yes, yes; 'tis a Broad-side with a Wooden Cutt; They Another have put him in the Head there of the Popes Beagles, with a Pen-in shrewd Head; One Pat, and a Fire-ball in the Other. They call the whole Pack the Piece. Antichristian Crew: The Fellow has a woundy Head-piece that Contrived it.

Cit. Ay but the tother girds him Confoundedly; and then there's a Letter worse then That too. But this is all by way of Answer: If thou could'st but Recite his Positions now, you and I might bang it out, hand to fist, in Mood, and Figure (as they say.)

Bum. Nay let mee alone for a Reciter, if That will do't. The Crown of England is allow'd on all hands to be Imperiall; and

That I lay down for my First Position.

Ott. Why then y'are a Crack-fart; and a Pensioner. Now go Pugo's Loon, without any Demur.

Bum. The King is Unaccountable, and not One of the Three Effates, as Lame Giles would have him.

Cut. Y'area Sawce-box, and a Yorkist,

Bum. I will-maintain that England is not a Mixt, but only a Qualifi'd Monarchy.

Citt. Y'are an Idle Fellow, Sirrah; and I have seen ye at Masse

at the Protestant Coffee-house.

Bum. I fay again, that there is but the Governing, and the Governor the Subjection ned; and that They are no longer the Governed, that Govern, nor the Dominion. Governing that are Governed. And in Little, That Subjection and Dominion are Inconsistent, in One and the same time, and subject.

Citt. Y'are an Idle, Impudent Fellow; and I'le be hang'd if I don't catch ye in the Sham-Plot. What do ye think of This now? And tell me without Complement, if I have not run this Puppy

up to the Wall.

Bum. I cannot for my Life Citt, understand this way of Answer-

ing yet.

Citt. Why prethee Bumkin, calling of Names, is speaking to the People in a Language that they do both Understand, and Believe.

Bum. Oh, there's no question to be made on't, a man had better besuspected for a Spirit, then for a Papist: Nay if it were but Popishly-Affected, it would go hard with him. But what will ye say Citt,

if I tell ye of a man that saw the devillish Letter ye spoke of?

Citt. I have heard somewhat on't my self. But prethee let's confer Notes upon't. Is there not something in't, that he would have been Fribling with a Printers Wife once; and that he promis'd to bring off her Husband if she'd have done him the good Office? I had it from Barefoot, and you same Bacon-of-Government-man, what a devill do ye call him? the Case-Putter at the Swan in Fish-street; he that swell'd so at the name of the Duke of Yorke; Pox on't, that I should forget him now; Did ye never bear of the Thumb? (as Aristippus Says.)

Some body help me out.

Bum. Why Faith Citt, I have heard as much: But I have been told too by one of the Journey-men, that she was always a good Game-fome Wench, and that the Gentleman (being well bred) might perhaps offer her the Civility to Oblige her.

Citt. I can fay nothing to her Gamesomeness; but she was no Blab, I can assure ye; For though she was in Court, when her Husband was Fin'd and Sentenc'd upon That Gentlemans Prosecu-

tion, she made no words on't.

Bum. That's well observ'd, Citt; For she should have told the Bench me-thinks; that if she would have done so and so, 't'had never come to This.

A Secret.

The Lady no blabb.

Citt. Ay but Yonder's a Broken Thrid-merchant Bumpkin, (and he Have a care had it from his own Brother) told a friend of mine, that Truman of the Thrid-Merchant. (when Licensing was in fashion) would never License any thing against the Papists; and that he took mony for Licensing; and layd a Tax upon his Majestyes Liege-People, (as Pugg the Notarius has it) without the Consent of their Representatives in Parliament.

Bum. These are bloody things, Citt, and they resolve to scour him as bright as Silver, before they have done with him.

Citt. Nay, if we don't make him either a Papist, or Popishly-Affelted I'le dye for't: yes, or any man living, that has either a good Estate, good Furniture in's house, Mony in his Pocket, or Brains in his Head.

Bum. Well, but to my knowledg, Citt, Truman does not value himfelf upon any of these Qualifications. But prethee let's leave this Noddy a little, and talk of something else, what dost think was the reason that our Parliaments have been put off so of Late?

Citt. The very Question that I put t'other day my self; and twas Matters of answer'd Thus. That the Nation could not be Happy, but in the State. Preservation of the Government, as it is establish by Law: for the tearing of the Law to pieces, must needs distract the People, when they have no Rule to walk by: That a great many worthy Persons were disappoynted in the Elections, by being misrepresented to the People. That by these Practices, diverse persons were Obtruded upon the Nation, of remarkable Disaffections both to Church, and State: And that therefore, I suppose, they might be put off, to the end that some Other Distempers might be composed, before their Meeting.

Bum. Well! and what Return did'st thou make him?

Citt. I told him, he Smelt of the Court; and that he had a Pope The old Toin's belly; and so I would have no more to do with him.

Bum. These People are grown Strangely bold of Late. But Perseverance is a Grace, Citt, that will carry us on, thorough Thick and Thin.

Citt. Now thou talkst of a Grace, Bumpkin; there is not any Afti-Several sorts on, or Profession, in Human Life, without its peculiar Graces. There of graces are the Graces of the Tubb, and of the Pulpit; the Quack, and the Dostor; Nay, the Academy, and the Padd. as the Scotch-man sayd of Du Vall, that was Truss'd up for the High-way. By my Saule (Sir,

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Says he) It would have done your Heart good to have feen That Gentleman upon Action. One man becomes the Bench; Another the Stage: And ye shall see One man Robb a Church with a better Grace than Another Erects an Hospital.

Bum. And then we call a Well-affected Brother, a Babe of

Grace.

Civit. That's fomewhat near the matter, Bumpkin; for the Grace that we have to do withall, is only a certain Gift of Impulse that difposes a man to the Exercise of his Trade, and Calling. As for Example; what's a Pick-pocket the better for his Skill in Diving, if he has not the Grace to keep his hands in Ure? But now for thy Perseverance thorough Thick and Thin; there's more in That, perhaps, then thou art aware of; for there's a difference betwixt Staring, and Stark mad.

Bum. I prethee be clear Citt, that we may understand one ano-

ther.

Citt. The Dutch have a very good Proverb, Heaven helps the strongest, (they say) So long as Providence is on Our side Bumkin, all's Well; but I'm not for Running my head against Stone Walls.

Bum. But how far must we go then Citt, and whither Next?

Citt. Take me for thy Guide Bumkin, and my Life for thine thou shalt never Miscarry. The game me have to play is a kinde of Trick-Track: (but what do I talk of Trick Track to a Bumkin) the great Nicety is to know when to go Off.

Bum. So that in some Cases I finde we may go off: But why must I swear

fo damnably against Flinching then?

Citt. Because we are bound in Honour Bunkin, not to Flinch. But

if the Cause it self Flinches, who can help it?

Bum. What do ye think then of the Five Scottish Martyrs, who maintain'd it to the Death that the Killing of the Arch-Bishop was no Murther; and the Rising, no Rebellion. And yet (as I take it) Their Cause had Flinch'd to some tune, when the whole Party was either Cut off, Routed or taken Prisoners.

Citt. As a friend, Bumkin, the world is made up of Fools, and Knaves, Some are to Att, and Others to Contrive; the Fools are to keep up the Claim, and the Knaves, when time ferves, are to take Possession.

Bum. Well, but what must become of Us in the Interim then?

Citt.

Of Perfere-

Cit. The Interim, (as thou calft it) is a kind of Inter-regnum; Absolution wherein we are Absolv'd (as it were) by a certain Extraordinary from Oaths Dispensation from all Bonds, Civil, and Moral, till we can get Upper- and Promise most again.

Bum. So that here are Two Providences, One upon the Heel of the Other. The One in turning all our Oaths, and Promifes, in The Interval, into Nullities; And the Other is an allowance of us to make the best of the First Opportunity.

Citt. That's well Collected: For all Oaths, and Promises are Void, when the thing promised ceases to be in our Own Power: And an Oath that was made in the Flesh, may be broken in the Spirit.

Bum. Deliver me! Here's Truman just upon us. If he talks again stand to him Citt.

Citt. The Rogue has us in s Eye; and there's no slipping into the Wood; but let me alone with him.

Enter TRUMAN.

Tru. Well met Gentlemen. What? you'r for a Mornings Draught at *Hamstead* (I suppose). I'le e'en back again and keep ye Company.

Citt. If you please Sir, 'tis a fine Walk.

Tru. So, and how go Squares fince the crash we had yonder at —What do ye call the place?

Citt. Oh, very well, there's a Book come out that proves a man Tom and Dick may talk of Religion, and Government as learnedly over a Dish of Coffee, as over a Pot of Ale.—There's a Bobb Bumkin, by the way of Tom and Dick—(aside.)

Tru. Look ye, Here's the Book. I ha' just read it over.

Bum. Pray let me see't a little.—Ay, here 'tis: I wonder in my heart A High-slight what the man means by putting Strange, and Strangely; of Wit.

and Strange and Stranger again, in the 5th and 6th Pages bere, in the great Black English Letter, so different from the rest of the Book.

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Tru.

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Tru. Nothing in the world but a high-flight of Wit; as if a man that is in Trouble, should cry, O this villanous, rascally Care! Or tell a Glavering Cur that Fawns upon ye to your Face, and bawls at ye behinde your Back, Oh! y'are Cuttis, Sir.

Bum. Well, but I'm with you once again. What do ye think of your University-Dul-man there, Pag. 12. with his, O Lord, make these Young Willows to grow up to be Old Oaks, that they may become.

Timber, fit to Wanscote thy New Jerusalem.

Tru. Upon my Credit, this Dulman was a Presbyterian (For your Divines have, here and there, an University-man among them! And it was another of the Same stamp, that told God Almighty in his Prayer; Lord; if thou didst but know what our Friends Suffer now in Ireland, &c.

Citt. Pray'e let me have a word now. How will ye justify the calling to mind, relating, and Printing, (notwithstanding the Acts of Obit vion) all the Evils of our Late Rebellion? as we finde it charg'd.

Pag. 22.

Tru. Nay, rather, Citt, how will You acquit your selves, either to God, or Man, for doing the same things over again; if it be so heinous for Other people to Remember them? As if a Pardon for

One Rebellian, were an Authority for Another.

Citt. Pray'e let me read This Passage to ye Here, Pag. 28. He that is not against us, is with us. And I never heard he (speaking of L'Estrange) ever wrote against Catholiques; except it were a Prote-Itane Catholique; (and that (he fays) is a Solocism.) But he has pepper'd the Presbyterians. A Protestant ('he says') is a Lutheran; and a Catholique the Characteristicall Note of a Christian; And it seems, he would have the Church of England stick up her bristles, and disown all Fellowship with Protestants abroad, and knock out all Non-conformists brains at Home; as the only way to prevent Popery: What do ye think on't ?.

Tru. Why I'le tell ye Citt ; you never writ-against Incest; are ye for it therefore? L'Estrange never writ against the Alcoran; is he therefore a Mahumetan? Neither do I find any thing you have Cited of him, but what is True, and Warrantabie: You fay he has pepper'd the Presbyterians; and the worldknows they have need of Seasoning. But why the Briftles of the Church of England? For the Beafts, ve know, are all in the Purlews. Nor does he speak One word of dividing from Protestants abroad: Only upon Dr. Oates's Testimony, that

A Learned Piece.

the Friests lye lurking among the Non-Conformists, he very Honestly advises the Ferretting of the Conventicles: And This your Authourcalls forsooth, The beating out the brains of the Non-conformists.

Blesse me Gentlemen! is This the Pillar of your Profession? the Pugg the Mouth, and Advocate of your Cause? Why there's not one grain of mouth of the Common Sense, Honesty, or Good Manners in't; Not a Rage that Cause.

would not bring a Scandall upon a Dust-Cart.

Citt. You may value tas you please; But he has done as much in Puggs Narrahis Narratives for the Protestant Religion, it may be, as any man, and tive. with as good applause too, though they pass in other peoples Names.

Bum. 'Tis an admirable Piece, That of his about the Fires, and feveral:

Other things too, really that would make a mans heart ake.

Tru. If thou mean'ft by way of Compunction, Bumpkin, I cann't I-magine how One man can repent of Another mans Sins. But I suppose thou Speak'st of Earth-quakes, and Signs in the Ayr; which are continuous sins in the Ayr; which are continuous sins in the Ayr;

nough to make a mans heart Ake indeed.

Citt. And then for his Style, Truman, He has a Copia Verborum, Pugg Faculfor all Sorts and Sizes, of Matters, and Men; as Rogue, Rascall,
ties.

Knave, Villain, Traytor, Trash, Trumpery, Trinkets, and so forth,
till this time Twelvemoneth. I'le undertake he shall Pelt ye a Cathedral-man Four and Twenty Hours by Shrewsbury Clock, and not
call him Twice by the same Name. And then on the Other side,
If he has the hap (in the heat of his Carier) to stumble upon a
poor Dissenting Brother, he licks his lips upon't, and pours forth
nothing but Milk and Hony: Oh the Precious Ones, The Chosen of
the Lord, and more Heavenly Epithetes then would lie betwint
This and High-gate.

Tru. But has he any Languages too?

Citt. If you had him but one half-hour upon the Talking-Pin, you'd swear that he had swallow'd Calepines Distionary whole, and spew'd it up again; And such a Memory—

Tru. These are wonderful Faculties Gentlemen, to qualifie a

man to be the Advocate of a Party.

Citt. But what if the Gentleman were as despicable as you make

him? what's That to our Profession?

Tru. Oh very much; for if he be Your. Representative, You Speak in Him; and he does but Blunder, Raile, Falsify, and Cobble, in your Name, and by Your Commission: If it be otherwise disown him. But what is your Profession, First?

Ciri.

Citt. We do professe our selves to be Loyall Subjects to his Majesty. in his Just Authority; and True Protestants, according to the pattern and Practice of the best Reformed Churches.

Tru. That is to fay, in Plain English, you are Covenanteers.

Citt. Well, but I hope a man may be both a Good Subject, and a Good Christian; and yet a Covenanter.

The Covestian and Subjest.

Tru. Can he be a Good Christian that reviles the Mother of our nanting Chri- Bleffed Saviour, that Stabs the Babe in her Arms, in Effigy: that Decryes the Lords Prayer, as Apocryphal, that Robs Cafar of his Due, and Confecrates his Profession, with Violence, and Blood? Or can He be a Good Subject, that gives Laws to his Sovereign; Nay that takes away his Crown, and his Life, and Tramples npon his Fellows as his Slaves?

Citt. Why what's all this to the Covenant?

Tru. Yes, by That Covenant, all this was done: And by That Covenant, Unrenounced, All this must be done again, whenever ye have it, in your Power. Nay you are Covenant-Breakers in the Not doing of it; if you were Covenant-keepers in the doing on't.

Citt. Well; but the business of the Covenant was only to deliver the King out of the Hands of the Papilts, to demolish all Monuments of Superstition and Idolatry, and to settle a Thorow Re-

formation. All the mischief fell in by the By.

· Tru. Very good; and you took him out of the hands of Papists, to deliver him into the hands of the Executioner. Did ye not? Truly a high Obligation. And then for your zeal against Idolatry, a Rich Crucifix, that was an Idol in a Papists hand, became a Moveable in yours; for commonly what ye Took, ye fold: and your Thorow-Reformation ended in a Sacrilegious Rapine and Confusion. And so you're wellcome to your Journeys End.

The End. the in ever most the works why should note if Brack a mice ing cong grows Il from allower by these psenents









